

# Prostate cancer Peer support groups: the Geneva experience

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### Plan

- 1. Reasons for implementing peer support
- 2. Why training is important?
- 3. Training for peer support
- 4. Take-home messages

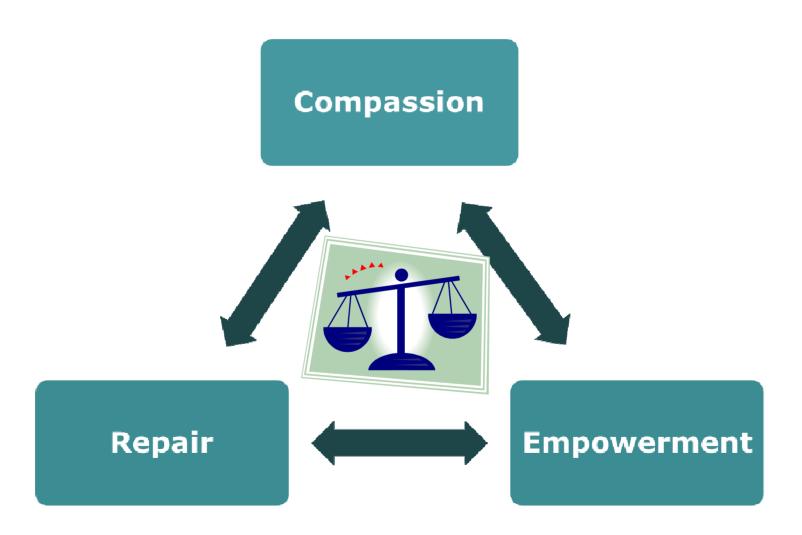
### Reasons for implementing peer support

#### Survivors' initiative

### To help other patients :

- to prevent them to face the same difficulties within health system (e.g. lack of good quality information)
- to share useful experience (e.g. management of incontinence)
- merely to support other patients

## **Balancing underlying forces**



# Why training for peer support is needed (1)?

- Spontaneity, generosity, willing to do are prerequisite but are not sufficient to provide quality support
- Supporting others requests specific skills :
  - Listening
  - Understanding others' problems
  - Communication
  - Management of his/her own emotions
  - Empathy

# Why training for peer support is needed (2)?

#### ...Furthermore

 Basic knowledge about prostate cancer disease and treatment are mandatory

«volunteers provide good quality information»

- Sharing basic values such as
  - -Respect of the other person
  - -Respect of the difference *«what I think is not what he thinks»*
  - -Consciousness of projection mechanism *«his story is not my story»*
  - -Respect of privacy and confidentiality



### Peer support training program

- A training course was given to men with prostate cancer who wanted to become volunteers for peer support (8 sessions of 2.5 hours)
- The main goals of this course were :
  - to improve communication skills (to listen, to reformulate)
  - to prevent individual projection
  - to manage their own emotions
  - Monthly group for intervision
    (supervision) and acquisition of basic
    knowledge in prostate cancer

## Organization of peer support

- Helpline support by telephone and e-mail was set up to men with prostate cancer, wives, partners and people who are concerned, and those who want to know more
- Peer support is given by volunteers who have themselves been affected by prostate cancer and who have personal experience of the main treatments and stages of prostate cancer
- A HOTLINE was set up in collaboration with the Geneva Cancer league

### Take-home messages

- Peer support cannot be improvised
- Volunteers need to develop basic skills in
  - Communication
  - Emotion management
  - Knowledge about the disease
- Volunteers have to respect some basic values
  - Respect of the other person
  - Respect of privacy and confidentiality